# Sets and Dictionaries

## Exercises

### Week 7

Prior to attempting these exercises ensure you have read the lecture notes and/or viewed the video, and followed the practical. You may wish to use the Python interpreter in interactive mode to help work out the solutions to some of the questions.

Download and store this document within your own filespace, so the contents can be edited. You will be able to refer to it during the test in Week 6.

Enter your answers directly into the highlighted boxes.

For more information about the module delivery, assessment and feedback please refer to the module within the MyBeckett portal.

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Specify two ways in which a Set varies from a List.

*Answer:*

No duplicate elements can exist in a set

Sets do not support the concept of element positioning

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Write a Python statement that uses the set() *constructor* to produce the same Set as the following -

languages = { "C++", "Java", "C#", "PHP", "JavaScript" }

*Answer:*

languages = set({"C++", "Java" , "C#" , "PHP", "JavaScript"})  
print(languages)

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Is a Set **mutable** or **immutable**?

*Answer:*

Mutable but its values are immutable

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Why does a Set not support *indexing* and *slicing* type operations?

*Answer:*

Because a set does not support the concept of element positioning

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Why is a frozenset() different from a regular set?

*Answer:*

Frozensets are immutable

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How many elements would exist in the following set?

names = set("John", "Eric", "Terry", "Michael", "Graham", "Terry")

*Answer:*

5, however the set creation method is invalid it should contain {} inside the ()

And how many elements would exist in this set?

vowels = set("aeiou")

*Answer:*

5

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What is the name given to the following type of expression which can be used to programmatically populate a set?

chars = {chr(n) for n in range(32, 128)}

*Answer:*

Set comprehension

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What **operator** can be used to calculate the intersection (common elements) between two sets?

*Answer:*

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What **operator** can be used to calculate the difference between two sets?

*Answer:*

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What would be the result of each of the following expressions?

{ "x", "y", "z" } < { "z" , "u", "t", "y", "w", "x" }

*Answer:*

True

{ "x", "y", "z" } < { "z", "y", "x" }

*Answer:*

False

{ "x", "y", "z" } <= { "y", "z", "x" }

*Answer:*

True

{ "x" } > { "x" }

*Answer:*

False

{ "x", "y" } > { "x" }

*Answer:*

True

{ "x", "y" } == { "y", "x" }

*Answer:*

True

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Write a Python statement that uses a **method** to perform the equivalent of the following operation -

languages = languages | { "Python" }

*Answer:*

languages = languages.union({ "Python" })

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Do the elements which are placed into a set always remain in the same position?

*Answer:*

No

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Is the following operation a **mutator** or an **accessor**?

languages &= oo\_languages

*Answer:*

Accessor

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What term is often used to refer to each *pair* of elements stored within a **dictionary**?

*Answer:*

Key: value pair

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Is it possible for a dictionary to have more than one **key** with the same value?

*Answer:*

yes

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Is it possible for a dictionary to have the same **value** appear more than once?

*Answer:*

Yes

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Is a Dictionary **mutable** or **immutable**?

*Answer:*

Mutable

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Are the **key** values within a dictionary **mutable** or **immutable**?

*Answer:*

Immutable

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How many *elements* exist in the following dictionary?

stock = {"apple":10, "banana":15, "orange":11}

*Answer:*

3

And, what is the data-type of the **keys**?

*Answer:*

Dict\_keys

And, what output would be displayed by executing the following statement -

print(stock["banana"])

*Answer:*

15

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Write a Python statement that uses the dictionary() *constructor* to produce the same dictionary as the following -

lang\_gen = { "Java":3, "Assembly":2, "Machine Code":1 }

*Answer:*

lang\_gen = dict({"Java" : 3 , "assembly" : 2 , "machine code": 1})  
print(lang\_gen)

Now write a simple expression that tests whether the word "Assembly" is a member of the dictionary.

*Answer:*

lang\_gen = dict({"Java" : 3 , "assembly" : 2 , "machine code": 1})  
if "assembly" in lang\_gen:  
 print("assembly")

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Write some Python code that uses a for statement to iterate over a dictionary called module\_stats and print only its **values** (i.e. do not output any keys) -

*Answer:*

modules\_stats = dict({"Computer Programming" : 100 , "digital forensics" : 80 , "Computer communications": 90})  
for values in modules\_stats.values():  
 print(values)

Now write another loop which prints the only the **keys** -

*Answer:*

modules\_stats = dict({"Computer Programming" : 100 , "digital forensics" : 80 , "Computer communications": 90})  
for modules in modules\_stats.keys():  
 print(modules)

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Is it possible to construct a dictionary using a **comprehension** style expression, as supported by lists and sets?

*Answer:*

Yes

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When a Dictionary type value is being passed as an argument to a function, what characters can be used as a prefix to force the dictionary to be **unpacked** prior to the call being made?

*Answer:*

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## **Exercises are complete**

Save this logbook with your answers. Then ask your tutor to check your responses to each question.